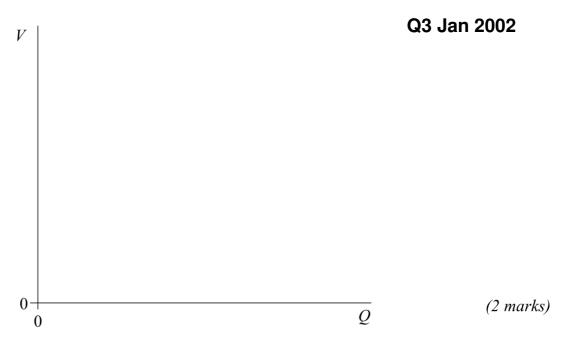
(b)

(5 marks)

Capacitor Past Paper Questions Jan 2002—Jan 2010 (old spec)

3 (a) A 2.0 μF capacitor is charged through a resistor from a battery of emf 4.5 V. Sketch a graph on the axes below to show how the charge stored, Q, varies with the potential difference, V, across the capacitor during the charging process. Mark appropriate values on the axes of the graph.



(i)	Show that the energy stored by a charged capacitor is given by $E = \frac{1}{2}QV$.
(ii)	Calculate the energy stored by the capacitor in part (a) when the potential difference across it is 1.5 V.

(2 marks)

Q2 Jun 2002

2 A student used a voltage sensor connected to a datalogger to plot the discharge curve for a $4.7\,\mu F$ capacitor. She obtained the following graph.

tial differe	ence/V 6						
	4						
	2-						
	0	10	20	30	40	50	60
Use	data from the grap	ph to calculate				time/ms	
(a)	the initial charg	e stored,					
	•••••	•••••				•••••	
(b)	the energy store	ed when the ca	pacitor had be	een discharg	ing for 35 ms,		(2 n
(b)	the energy store	ed when the car	pacitor had be	een discharg	ing for 35 ms,		
(b) (c)	the energy store			en discharg	ing for 35 ms,		(2 m
		nt for the circu	it,				(3 m
	the time constar	nt for the circu	it,				(3 m

Calculate

Q4 Jan 2004

A capacitor of capacitance 330 μ F is charged to a potential difference of 9.0 V. It is then discharged through a resistor of resistance 470 k Ω .

(a)	the energy stored by the capacitor when it is fully charged,	
		(2 marks)
(b)	the time constant of the discharging circuit,	(=
		(1 mark)
(c)	the p.d. across the capacitor 60 s after the discharge has begun.	
		(3 marks)

- 3 (a) As a capacitor was charged from a 12 V supply, a student used a coulomb meter and a voltmeter to record the charge stored by the capacitor at a series of values of potential difference across the capacitor. The student then plotted a graph of pd (on the *y*-axis) against charge (on the *x*-axis).
 - (i) Sketch the graph obtained.

Q3 Jun 2005



(ii) State what is represented by the gradient of the line.

.....

(iii) State what is represented by the area enclosed by the line and the x-axis of the graph.

(3 marks)

(b) The student then connected the capacitor as shown in **Figure 4** to carry out an investigation into the discharge of the capacitor.

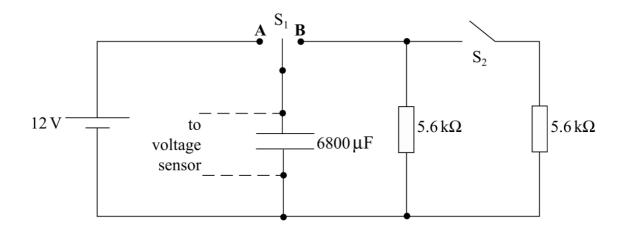


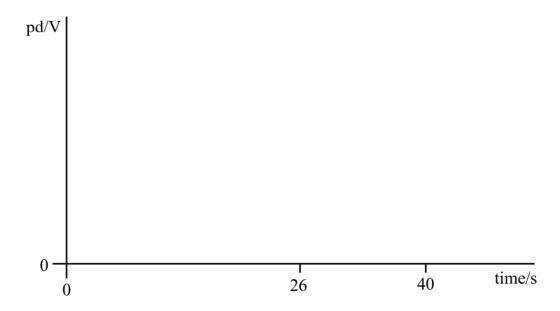
Figure 4

The student used a voltage sensor, datalogger and computer to obtain values for the pd across the capacitor at various times during the discharge.

(1)	At time $t = 0$, with switch S_2 open, switch S_1 was moved from position A to position B .
	Calculate the pd across the capacitor when $t = 26 \mathrm{s}$.

(ii)	At time $t = 26$ s, as the discharge continued, the student closed switch S_2 . Calculate the pd
	across the capacitor $40 \mathrm{s}$ after switch S_1 was moved from position A to position B .

(iii) Sketch a graph of pd against time for the student's experiment described in parts (b)(i) and (b)(ii).



(7 marks)

A 680 μ F capacitor is charged fully from a 12 V battery. At time $t=0$ the capacitor begins to discharge through a resistor. When $t=25$ s the energy remaining in the capacitor is one quarter of the energy it stored at 12 V.
Q2 Jan 2006
(a) Determine the pd across the capacitor when $t=25$ s.
(2 marks
(b) (i) Show that the time constant of the discharge circuit is 36 s.
(ii) Calculate the resistance of the resistor.
(4 marks

3 Figure 2 shows a circuit used to determine the capacitance of a capacitor C. Switch S is held in position X until C is fully charged. It is then switched to position Y, so that C discharges through the microammeter and the variable resistor R. While discharging, R is adjusted continuously to keep the current constant until C has been fully discharged. Measurements taken during the discharge allow the initial charge stored by C to be determined.

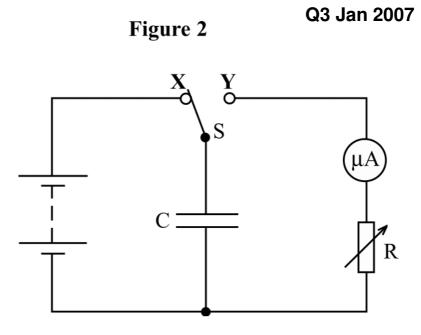
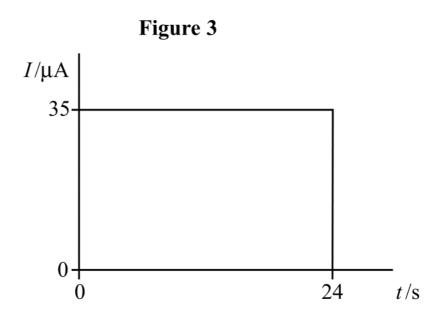


Figure 3 shows a graph of current, *I*, against time, *t*, obtained in such an experiment.



(a) Calculate

(i)	the initial	charge	stored	by th	e cap	oacitor.
` '		0				,

.....

.....

(ii) the capacitance of the capacitor, if the emf of the battery used was 6.0 V.

•••••	••••••	•••••	•••••

(2 marks)

(b) Sketch graphs on the axes below to show, for the capacitor, how

- (i) the charge stored
- (ii) the energy stored

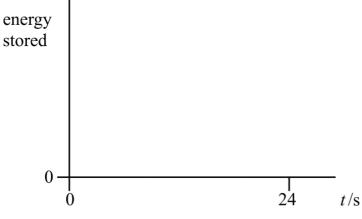
varied with time during the experiment.

You do not need to show any values on the vertical axes.

charge stored



(ii) en



2

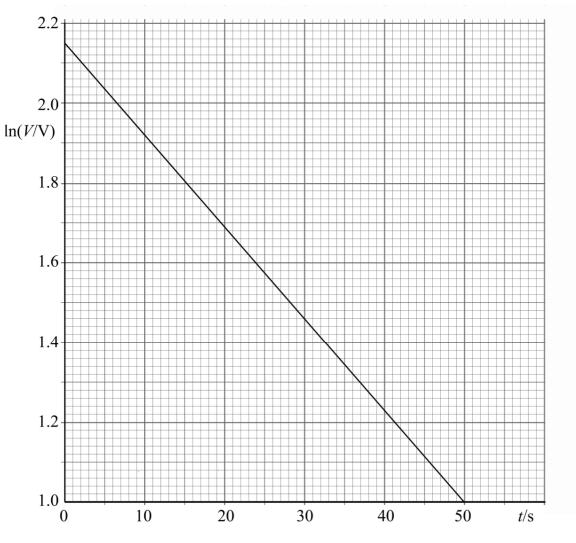
(a)

You may be awarded additional marks to written communication in your answer.	those shown in brackets for the quality Q2 Jan 2008
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	QZ Gan 2000

In V against t shown on the opposite page.

An experiment is to be carried out to determine the capacitance of a capacitor by

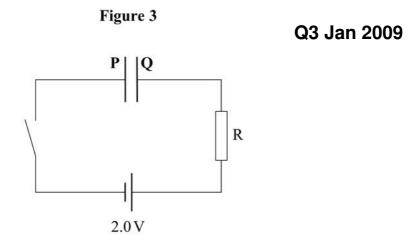
(5 marks)



Use this graph to calculate

(i)	the pd across the capacitor when $t = 0$,
(ii)	the time constant for the discharging circuit,
(iii)	the capacitance of the capacitor used in this experiment.

3 (a)



You may be awarded additional marks to those shown in brackets for the quality of written communication in your answers.

Figure 3 shows a circuit containing a capacitor connected in series with a fixed resistor R, a cell of emf 2.0 V, and a switch. Initially the capacitor is uncharged. The switch is closed at time t = 0, causing the capacitor plates **P** and **Q** to begin charging.

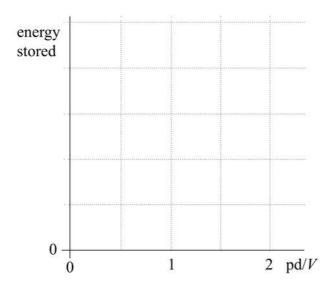
Describe what happens in the circuit from t = 0 until the capacitor becomes fully charged, in terms of

3	(a)	(i)	electron flow round the circuit,

3	(a)	(ii)	the potential differences across the capacitor and the resistor.
			(5 marks)
3	(b)	(i)	Calculate the final energy stored by the capacitor if its capacitance is $50\mu\text{F}.$
3	(b)	(ii)	On Figure 4 sketch a graph to show how the energy stored by the capacitor varies with the pd across it whilst it is being charged during the process described

in part (a).

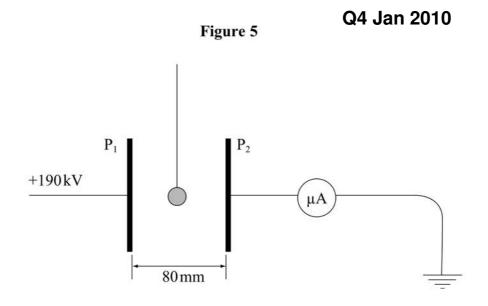
Figure 4



(4 marks)

2	(a)	•	ine the <i>capacitance</i> of a capacitor.	Jun 2009
		•••••		
				(2 marks)
	(b)	Fig	gure 2 shows how the pd, V , across a capacitor varies with the charge,	Q, it stores.
			Figure 2	
		D	of the second of Figure 2 above that the answer of and have a second to be	
		ву г	reference to Figure 2 , show that the energy stored by a capacitor is given	en by
			$E = \frac{1}{2} Q V.$	
		•••••		
		•••••		
		•••••		
		•••••		(3 marks)
	(c)		apacitor stores 9.0 μC of charge when the pd across it is 45 V.	
	7-5		culate	
	(c)	(1)	the capacitance of the capacitor,	
	(c)	(ii)	the energy stored by the capacitor when the charge on it is 3.0 μC .	
				(4 marks)

4 Figure 5 shows two parallel metal plates, P₁ and P₂, placed 80 mm apart in air. P₁ is maintained at a potential of +190 kV, whilst P₂ is connected to earth through a microammeter. Suspended between the plates by an insulating thread is a light plastic sphere, the surface of which is coated with conducting paint so that it will store charge.



4	(a)	Calculate the electric field strength between the plates.			
				(1 mark,	
4	(b)	The sphere, whose capacitance is 5.6×10^{-13} F, shuttles back and forth between the plates 420 times per minute, contacting each plate alternately.			
4	(b)		te the magnitude of the charge it acquires every time it touches pe the sign of this charge.	late P ₁	
				•••••	
				••••••	
				••••••	

4	(b)	(ii)	Calculate the current in the microammeter.
			(6 marks)
4	(c)	Expl	ain why the sphere shuttles between the plates.
			may be awarded additional marks to those shown in brackets for the quality of en communication in your answer.
		•••••	
		•••••	
		•••••	
		•••••	
		•••••	
		•••••	
		•••••	
		•••••	(3 marks)